# FEDERAL REGISTER

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PART II

Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places





## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

Pursuant to the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (80 Stat. 915; 16 U.S.C. 470) the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation and the National Park Service, Department of the Interior have undertaken steps to implement the purposes of that act through (1) expansion of the National Register of Historic Places, (2) initiating a program of grants-in-aid for historic preservation, and (3) adoption of procedures and criteria for furthering the Nation's historic preservation program. In addition, the role and functions of the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation have been more clearly defined.

It is the purpose of this notice, through publication of the following information and materials, to apprise the public, as well as governmental agencies, associations, and all other organizations and individuals interested in historic presentation of the implementing actions that have been taken in order that there will be a greater awareness of the means by which properties of State and local historical significance may be nominated for placement in the National Register. of the criteria used in evaluating the properties, and of the responsibilities exercised by the Advisory Council. The notice includes a list of the properties presently included in the National Register of Historic Places. Amendments and revisions of that list will be published in the Federal Register from time to time.

> HARTHON L. BILL, Acting Director, National Park

Service, and Executive Director, Advisory Council on Historic Preservation.

THE NATIONAL HISTORIC PRESERVATION ACT
I. THE NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC
PLACES AND PROCEDURES FOR REGISTRATION

A. Introduction. In the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, 80 Stat. 915, 16 U.S.C. 470, the Congress found and declared:

 (a) That the spirit and direction of the Nation are founded upon and reflected in its historic past;

(b) That the historical and cultural foundations of the Nation should be preserved as a living part of our community life and development in order to give a sense of orientation to the American people.

(c) That, in the face of ever-increasing extensions of urban centers, highways, and residential, commercial, and industrial developments, the present governmental and nongovernmental historic preservation programs and activities are inadequate to insure future generations a genuine opportunity to appreciate and enjoy the rich heritage of our Nation; and

(d) That, although the major burdens of historic preservation have been borne and major efforts initiated by private agencies and individuals, and both should continue to play a vital role, it is nevertheless necessary and appropriate for the Federal Government to accelerate its historic preservation programs and activities, to give maximum encouragement to agencies and individuals undertaking preservation by private means, and to assist State and local governments and the National Trust for Historic Preservation in the United States to expand and accelerate their historic preservation programs and activities.

In order to accomplish these purposes, the National Historic Preservation Act provided for three significant innovations: An expanded National Register of Historic Places, a program of grants-inaid for historic preservation, and an Advisory Council on Historic Preservation empowered to comment upon all undertakings licensed, assisted, or carried out by th Federal Government that have an effect upon properties in the National Register.

Official notice is hereby given to the public and government agencies of the opportunities and restrictions provided by the National Historic Preservation Act. Detailed administrative procedures for the program may be found in the manual "Grants For Historic Preservation: A Guide For State Participation" (U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Washington, D.C.), which will be available for purchase from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C.

B. Expanding the National Register of Historic Places. The Act authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to expand and maintain a National Register of districts, sites, buildings, structures, and objects significant in American history, architecture, archeology, and culture. Previously, the National Register included only nationally significant properties that are historical or archeological units of the National Park System or that have been declared eligible for designation as National Historic Landmarks. Because they must meet exacting criteria of national significance, such properties are few in number. The National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 provides a means for States to nominate properties of State and local significance for placement in the National Register.

The following officials have been designated by their Governors to act as State Liaison Officers responsible for State activities under the National Historic Preservation Act:

## STATE LIAISON OFFICERS

#### ALABAMA

Chairman, Alabama Historical Commission, State Department of Archives and History, 624 Washington Avenue, Montgomery, Ala. 36104.

## ALASKA

Chief, Parks and Recreation, Department of Natural Resources, Division of Lands, 344 Sixth Avenue, Anchorage, Alaska 99501.

#### ARIZONA

Director, State Parks Board, Phoenix, Ariz. 85021.

## ARKANSAS

Director, Arkansas Planning Commission, Little Rock, Ark. 72201.

#### CALIFORNIA

Director, Department of Parks and Recreation, State Resources Agency, Post Office Box 2390, Sacramento, Calif. 95811.

#### COLORADO

President, State Historical Society, Colorado State Museum, East 14th Avenue and Sherman Street, Denver, Colo. 80203.

#### CONNECTICUT

Chairman, Connecticut Historical Commission, 78 Elm Street, Hartford, Conn. 06115.

#### DELAWARE

State Archivist, Archives Building, Dover, Del. 19901.

Executive Director, Florida Board of Archives and History, 401 East Gaines Street, Tallahassee, Fla. 32304.

#### GEORGIA

Executive Secretary, Georgia Historical Commission, 116 Mitchell Street SW., Atlanta, Ga. 30303.

#### HAWAII

Director, Department of Land and Natural Resources, State of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813.

#### IDAHO

Director, Idaho Historical Society, 610 North Julia Drive, Boise, Idaho 83706.

## ILLINOIS

Director, Department of Conservation, State Office Building, Springfield, Ill. 62706.

#### INDIANA

Director, Department of Natural Resources, State of Indiana, Indianapolis, Ind. 42604.

Superintendent, State Historical Society of Iowa, Centennial Building, Iowa City,

## KANSAS

Iowa 52242.

Executive Secretary, Kansas State Historical Society, 120 West 10th, Topeka, Kans. 66612.

#### KENTUCKY

Coordinator of State and Federal Activities, Office of the Governor, Frankfort, Ky. 40601.

#### LOUISIANA

Chairman, Louisiana Historical Preservation and Cultural Commission, Post Office Box 44222, Capitol Station, Baton Rouge, La. 70802.

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Director, State Park and Recreation Commission, State Office Building, Augusta, Maine 04330.

## MARYLAND

Director, Maryland Historical Trust, Box 1704, Annapolis, Md. 21401.

## MASSACHUSETTS

Secretary of the Commonwealth, Chairman, Massachusetts Historical Commission, Boston, Mass. 02133.

#### MICHIGAN

Director, Department of Conservation, Stevens T. Mason Building, Lansing, Mich. 48926.

## MINNESOTA

Director, Minnesota Historical Society, Cedar and Central Streets, St. Paul, Minn. 55101. NOTICES 2581

#### MISSISSIPPI

Director, State of Mississippi, Department of Archives and History, Post Office Box 571, Jackson, Miss. 39201.

#### MISSOURI

Director, Missouri State Park Board, Post Office Box 176, 1204 Jefferson Building, Jefferson City, Mo. 65101.

#### MONTANA

Chief of Recreation and Parks Division, Department of Fish and Game, State of Montana, Helena, Mont. 57601.

#### NEBRASKA

Director, The Nebraska State Historical Society, 15th and R Streets, Lincoln, Nebr. 68508.

#### NEVADA

Administrator, Division of State Parks, 201 South Fall Street, Room 221, Nye Building, Carson City, Nev. 89701.

#### NEW HAMPSHIRE

Commissioner, Department of Resources and Economic Development, Concord, N.H. 03301.

#### NEW JERSEY

Commissioner, State of New Jersey, Department of Conservation and Economic Development, Trenton, N.J. 08608.

#### NEW MEXICO

State Planning Officer, State of New Mexico, Santa Fe, N. Mex. 87501.

#### NEW YORK

Chairman, New York State Historic Trust, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, Room 5600, New York, N.Y. 10020.

#### NORTH CAROLINA

Director, Department of Archives and History, State of North Carolina, Raleigh, N.C. 27802.

## NORTH DAKOTA

Superintendent, State Historical Society of North Dakota, Liberty Memorial Building, Bismarck, N. Dak. 58501.

## OHIO

Director, The Ohio Historical Society, Columbus, Ohio 43210.

## OKLAHOMA

Chairman, Oklahoma Historical Society, 1108 Colcord Building, Oklahoma City, Okla. 73102

## OREGON

State Highway Engineer, Oregon State Highway Department, State Highway Building, Salem, Oreg. 97310.

## PENNSYLVANIA

Executive Director, Pennsylvania Historical and Museum Commission, William Penn Memorial Museum and Archives Building, Harrisburg, Pa. 17108.

## RHODE ISLAND

Director, Rhode Island Development Council, Roger Williams Building, Hayes Street, Providence, R.I. 02908.

## SOUTH CAROLINA

Director, State Archives Department, 1430 Senate Street, Columbia, S.C. 29201.

## SOUTH DAKOTA

Chief, Division of Parks and Recreation, Department of Game, Fish and Parks, Pierre, S. Dak. 57501.

#### TENNESSEE

Chairman, Tennessee Historical Commission, State Library and Archives Building, Nashville, Tenn, 37219.

#### TEXAS

Executive Director, Texas State Historical Survey Committee, 108 West 15th Street, Austin, Tex. 78701.

#### UTAH

Director, Department of Development Services, 312 State Capitol Building, Salt Lake City, Utah 84114.

#### VERMONT

Director, Vermont Historical Society, Montpelier, Vt. 05602.

#### VIRGINIA

Chairman, Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission, Room 1106, State Ninth Street Office Building, Richmond, Va. 23219.

#### WASHINGTON

Director, Washington State Parks and Recreation, Olympia, Wash. 98501.

#### WEST VIRGINIA

Chairman, Ad Hoc Committee on Historic Properties, Potomac State College, Keyser, W. Va. 26726.

#### WISCONSIN

Director, State Historical Society of Wisconsin, 816 State Street, Madison, Wis. 53706.

#### WYOMING

Executive Director, Wyoming Recreation Commission, Cheyenne, Wyo. 82001.

#### DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Deputy Mayor, Executive Office, District of Columbia Government, Washington, D.C. 20004.

#### COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO

Executive Director, Institute of Puerto Rican Culture, San Juan, P.R. 00931.

## GUAM

Director of Land Management, Government of Guam, Agana, Guam.

## VIRGIN ISLANDS

Planning Director, Virgin Islands Planning Board, Charlotte Amalie, St. Thomas, V.L.

## SAMOA

Office of the Governor, Pago Pago, American Samos.

The State Liaison Officer supervises a professional survey staff in conducting a statewide historic sites survey. From the survey findings a comprehensive statewide historic preservation plan is prepared. The plan must be reviewed and approved by a high-level professional review committee. The State Liaison Officer, in accordance with the plan, may then nominate properties for inclusion in the National Register. The nominated properties which are approved by the National Park Service are entered in the National Register of Historic Places by the Chief, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation, National Park Service.

In exceptional cases, States may make nominations before submission of the statewide historic preservation plan. The National Park Service will consider appropriate properties so nominated which have received unanimous approval of the

professional review committee and the State Liaison Officer as unquestionably worthy of entry into the National Register of Historic Places. Such consideration will be given to properties which are:

(a) In State ownership; (b) recognized in other Federal historic preservation programs; (c) owned by private, national, regional, or State organizations concerned with historic preservation; or (d) recognized in an existing State landmark program.

The following criteria shall be used by the States in evaluating properties for nomination to the National Register of Historic Places and by the National Park Service in reviewing State nominations.

## National Register Criteria of Evaluation

The quality of significance in American history, architecture, archeology, and culture is present in districts, sites, buildings, structures, and objects of State and local importance that possess integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association, and:

 That are associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history;

That are associated with the lives of persons significant in our past; or

3. That embody the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction, or that represent the work of a master, or that possess high artistic values, or that represent a significant and distinguishable entity whose components may lack individual distinction; or

tion; or
4. That have yielded, or may be likely
to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria considerations. Ordinarily birthplaces, or graves of cemeteries. historical figures, properties owned by religious institutions or used for religious purposes, structures that have been moved from their original locations, reconstructed historic buildings, properties primarily commemorative in nature, and properties that have achieved significance within the past 50 years shall not be considered eligible for the National Register. However, such properties will qualify if they are integral parts of districts that do meet the criteria or if they fall within the following categories:

(a) A religious property deriving primary significance from architectural or artistic distinction or historical importance.

(b) A building or structure removed from its original location but which is significant primarily for architectural value, or which is the surviving structure most importantly associated with a historic person or event.

(c) A birthplace or grave of a historical figure of outstanding importance if there is no appropriate site or building directly associated with his productive life.

(d) A cemetery which derives its primary significance from graves of persons of transcendent importance, from age, from distinctive design features, or from association with historic events.

(e) A reconstructed building when accurately executed in a suitable environment and presented in a dignified manner as part of a restoration master plan, and when no other building or structure with the same association has survived.

(f) A property primarily commemorative in intent if design, age, tradition, or symbolic value has invested it with its own historical significance.

(g) A property achieving significance within the past 50 years if it is of

exceptional importance.

C. Grants for historic preservation. The National Historic Preservation Act also authorizes a program of grants-in-aid to States for comprehensive statewide historic site surveys and preservation plans. Grants are also authorized to States, local governments, private organizations, and individuals for preservation projects in accordance with an approved statewide plan. All grants are made through the States. The State Liaison Officer may then distribute the funds to other approved public and private recipients. Funds may be used for acquisition, protection, rehabilitation, restoration, and reconstruction of properties included in the National Register of Historic Places.

#### II. PROTECTION OF PROPERTIES IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

A. Introduction. The National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 created the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation. The Council is authorized to advise the President and the Congress on matters relating to historic preservation; to recommend measures to coordinate activities of Federal, State, and local agencies and private institutions and individuals relating to historic preservation; to comment on undertakings carried out, licensed, or financially assisted by the Federal Government which have any effect upon properties listed in the National Register; and to secure from the appropriate Federal agencies certain information necessary to the performance of these duties.

B. Procedures for section 106 compliance. The Advisory Council exercises an important function by responding with comments to undertakings carried out, licensed, or financially assisted by the Federal Government, when the undertaking will affect a property listed in the National Register. This authority derives from section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act, which provides:

The head of any Federal agency having direct or indirect jurisdiction over a proposed Federal or federally assisted undertaking in any State and the head of any Federal department or independent agency having authority to license any undertaking shall, prior to the approval of the expenditure of any Federal funds on the undertaking or prior to the issuance of any license, as the case may be, take into account the effect of the undertaking on any district, site, building, structure, or object that is included in the National Register. The head of any such Federal agency shall afford the Advisory Countries of the structure of the lafter that after the federal agency shall afford the Advisory Countries of the structure of the lafter that the structure of the lafter that the federal agency shall afford the Advisory Countries of the structure of the lafter that the lafte

cil on Historic Preservation established under title II of this Act a reasonable opportunity to comment with regard to such undertaking.

The Advisory Council desires to provide maximum assistance in connection with section 106. Normally the Council anticipates that its comments will be required in only the most complex situations, and it requests that agencies fulfill their obligations under section 106 by the use of the following procedures:

Advisory Council on Historic Preservation Washington, D.C. 20240

## Procedures for Compliance Section 106

National Historic Preservation Act of 1966

At the earliest stage of planning or consideration of any undertakings carried out, licensed, or financially assisted by the Federal Government, an agency should follow these steps:

1. Consult the National Register of Historic Places to determine if a National Register property is involved in the undertaking. The National Register is maintained by the Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation, National Park Service, and published from time to time with interim addendums in the Preseat Register.

in the Federal Register.

2. Apply the "Criteria for Effect." If there is no effect, the undertaking may proceed.

3. If there is an effect, regional, or State officials of the agency in consultation with the State Liaison Officer and a representative of the Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation shall:

 (a) Determine if the effect is adverse—if not, the undertaking may proceed;

(b) Upon finding an adverse effect, select and agree upon a prudent and feasible alternative to remove the adverse effect, in which case the undertaking may proceed;

(c) Failing to find and agree upon an alternative, recommend all possible planning to minimize the adverse effect and delay further processing of the undertaking pending the receipt of comments from the Advisory Council.

4. Provide written notice affording the Advisory Council an opportunity to comment upon doubtful or unresolved situations of adverse effect and upon request submit a report of the undertaking.

The Council expects to exert its advisory prerogatives by commenting to agencies in certain special situations even though written notice of effect has not been received.

## Criteria for Effect

A federally financed or licensed undertaking shall be considered to have an effect on a National Register listing (districts, sites, buildings, structures, and objects, including their settings) when any condition of the undertaking creates a change in the quality of the historical, architectural, archeological, or cultural character that qualified the property under the National Register criteria for listing in the National Register.

Generally, adverse effect occurs under conditions which include but are not limited to:

- (a) Destruction or alteration of all or part of a property;
- (b) Isolation from or alteration of its surrounding environment;
- (c) Introduction of visual, audible, or atmospheric elements that are out of character with the property and its setting.

C. Advisory Council section 106 reporting procedures. For the convenience of agencies submitting effect notices to the Council under section 106, the following standard procedures for handling such notices have been promulgated:

 Upon receipt of a written notice of an undertaking having an effect on a National Register property, the Council

shall:

(a) Acknowledge its receipt and give notice of a 14-day review period during which the Advisory Council may determine and so advise the agency of its desire to comment:

(b) Refer the notice to the Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation, National Park Service, for a preliminary verification of significance, National or otherwise, and evaluation of the effect upon the National Register property;

(c) Determine that it will or will not comment.

Upon determination that the Council will comment on an undertaking, the Council shall:

(a) Notify the agency of Council intent to comment and date by which it

will do so;

- (b) Place the matter on the agenda of the next regular meeting or in exceptional circumstances schedule the matter for consideration in an unassembled meeting; and
- (c) Authorize preparation of a section 106 report.
- The section 106 report shall be prepared by the Executive Director and shall contain:
- (a) A full report of verification and evaluation of the effect prepared by the Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation;
- (b) A report from the requesting agency on the undertaking with the agency evaluation of effect; and

(c) Conclusions.

The section 106 report shall contain but not be limited to information such as a full description including visual materials of the National Register property, the undertaking, agency efforts to take into account effect on National Register properties, records of hearings, statements of support or opposition, a statement from the State Liaison Officer, and answers to any specific questions voiced by Council members. The Council will not hold formal hearings on section 106 matters. The Council comments to agencies shall take the form of a three-part statement including an introduction, findings, and a conclusion.

# III. THE NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Director of the National Park Service under the Antiquities Act of 1906, 34 Stat. 225, 16 U.S.C. 431; the Act of August 25, 1916, 39 Stat. 535, 16 U.S.C. 1; the Historic Sites Act of 1935, 49 Stat. 666, 16 U.S.C. 461; and the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, 80 Stat. 915, 16 U.S.C. 470; the properties listed below are included in the National Register of Historic Places. The responsibility

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> When the agency has no regional or State officials, the Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation will perform this service.

of all Federal agencies to take cognizance of these properties is specified in section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act.

#### NATIONAL REGISTER ENTRIES

#### ALABAMA

#### Baldwin County

Gasque vicinity. Fort Morgan, western terminus of Alabama 180.

#### Colbert County

Florence vicinity, Wilson Dam, Tennessee River, on Alabama 133 (also in Lauderdale County).

#### Elmore County

Wetumpka vicinity, Fort Toulouse, 4 miles southwest of Wetumpka at confluence of the Coosa and Tallapoosa Rivers.

#### Hale County

Moundville vicinity, Moundville Site, 1 mile west of Moundville on County Route 21.

#### Jackson County

Bridgeport vicinity, Russell Cave National Monument, 8 miles west of Bridgeport via U.S. 72 and County Routes 91 and 75.

## Launderdale County

Wilson Dam (see Colbert County).

#### Macon County

Tuskegge vicinity, Tuskegee Institute, 1 mile northwest of Tuskegee on U.S. 80.

## Montgomery County

Montgomery, First Confederate Capitol, Goat Hill, east end of Dexter Avenue.

#### Russell County

Holy Trinity vicinity, Apalachicola Fort, 1.5 miles east of Holy Trinity on Chattahoochee River.

## Talladega County

Talladega vicinity, Curry (J. L. M.) Home, 3 miles northeast of Talladega on Alabama 21.

## Tallapoosa County

Dadeville vicinity, Horseshoe Bend National Military Park, Tallapoosa River, 12 miles north of Dadeville on Alabama 49.

## ALASKA

## Northwestern District

Barrow vicinity, Birnirk Site, 5 miles northeast of Barrow.

Cape Denbigh Peninsula, Iyatayet Site, Norton Sound.

Cape Prince of Wales vicinity, Wales Sites, adjacent to Cape Prince of Wales on Seward Peninsula.

Nome vicinity, Anvil Creek Gold Discovery Site, 4.25 miles north of Nome on Seward

Peninsula at Anvil Creek. Point Hope Peninsula, Ipiutak Site, tip of Point Hope, lat. 68°20' N., long. 167°50' W.

St. Lawrence Island, Gambell Sites, Northwest Cape.

## Southcentral District

Kodiak, Kodiak Island, Erskine House, Main Street and Mission Street,

Nikolski vicinity, Chaluka Site, Umnak Island, Aleutian Islands.

Rip Rock vicinity, Hawkins Island, Palugvik Site, 3.75 miles east of Rip Rock on Prince William Sound.

Pribilof Islands, St. Paul Island, Fur Seal Rookerles.

Yukon Island, Yukon Island Main Site, Kachemak Bay, Cook Inlet.

#### Southeastern District

Sitka, American Flag Raising Site, Castle Hill. Sitka, Russian Mission Orphanage, Lincoln and Monastery Streets.

Sitka, St. Michael's Cathedral, Lincoln and Maksoutoff Streets.

Sitka, Baranof Island, Sitka National Monument.

Sitka vicinity, Old Sitka Site, 6 miles north of Sitka on Starrigavan Bay.

Skagway and vicinity, Skagway Historic District and White Pass, head of Talya Inlet on Lynn Canal.

#### ARIZONA

## Apache County

Chinle, Canyon de Chelly National Monument, east side of Chinle.

Ganado, Hubbell Trading Post National His-

toric Site, west side of Ganado. Springerville vicinity, Casa Malpais Site, 2 miles north of Springerville.

#### Cochise County

Bisbee vicinity, Coronado National Memorial, 30 miles southwest of Bisbee via Arizona 92 and secondary road.

Bisbee vicinity, Lehner Mammoth-Kill Site, 10 miles west of Bisbee.

Bowie vicinity, Fort Bowie National Historic Site, 13 miles south of Bowie.

Douglas vicinity, Double Adobe Site, 12 miles northwest of Douglas on the west bank of Whitewater Creek.

Douglas vicinity, San Bernardino Ranch, 17 miles east of Douglas on the international

boundary. Tombstone, Tombstone Historic District.

#### Coconino County

Flagstaff vicinity, Lowell Observatory, 1 mile

west of Flagstaff on Mars Hill. Flagstaff vicinity, Merriam (C. Hart) Base Camp Site, 20 miles northwest of Flagstaff, at Little Springs private enclave in Coconino National Forest.

Flagstaff vicinity, Walnut Canyon National Monument, 8 miles east of Flagstaff on U.S. 66.

Flagstaff vicinity, Wupatki National Monu-ment, 30 miles north of Flagstaff off U.S.

Winona vicinity, Winona Site, 5 miles northeast of Winona on U.S. 66, Coconino National Forest.

## Gila County

Globe vicinity, Roosevelt Dam, Salt River, 31 miles northwest of Globe on Arizona 88 (also in Maricopa County).

Globe vicinity, Tonto National Monument, 28 miles northwest of Globe on Arizona 88. Whiteriver vicinity, Kinishba Ruins, 15 miles west of Whiteriver via Arizona 73 and

secondary road.

## Graham County

Bonita vicinity, Sierra Bonita Ranch, southwest of Bonita.

Morenci vicinity, Point of Pines, 30 miles northwest of Morenci, San Carlos Indian Reservation.

## Maricopa County

Gila Bend vicinity, Gatlin Site, 3 miles north of Gila Bend.

Phoenix, Hohokam-Pima Irrigation Sites, Park of the Four Waters (also in Pinal County).

Phoenix, Pueblo Grande Ruin, Washington Avenue, Pueblo Grande City Park.

## Roosevelt Dam (see Gila County).

## Mohave County

Fredonia vicinity, Pipe Spring National Monument, 15 miles southwest of Fredonia.

#### Navajo County

Kayenta vicinity, Navajo National Monument, 30 miles southwest of Kayenta.

Keams Canyon vicinity, Awatovi Ruins, 8 miles south of Keams Canyon, Hopi Indian Reservation.

Oraibi vicinity, Old Oraibi, 3 miles west of Oraibi on Arizona 264, Hopi Indian Reservation.

## Pima County

Santa Rosa vicinity, Ventana Cave, 11 miles west of Santa Rosa, Papago Indian Reser-

Tucson vicinity, Desert Laboratory, west of Tucson off West Anklam Road.

Tucson vicinity, San Xavier del Bac, 9 miles south of Tucson via Mission Road.

#### Pinal County

Chandler vicinity, Snaketown, 12 miles southwest of Chandler, Gila River Indian Reservation.

Coolidge vicinity, Casa Grande Ruins National Monument, 2 miles north of Coolidge on Arizona 87.

Phoenix vicinity, Hohokam-Pima Irrigation

Sites (see Maricopa County).

#### Santa Cruz County

Nogales vicinity, Tumacacori National Monument, 18 miles north of Nogales on Interstate 19.

## Yavapai County

Clarkdale vicinity, Tuzigoot National Monument, 2 miles east of Clarkdale.

Flagstaff vicinity, Montezuma Castle Na-tional Monument, 40 miles south of Flagstaff on Interstate 17.

Jerome, Jerome Historic District.

#### Yuma County

Yuma, Yuma Crossing and Associated Sites, Banks of the Colorado River (also in Imperial County, Calif.).

## ARKANSAS

## Arkansas County

Gillet vicinity, Arkansas Post National Memorial, 8 miles southeast of Gillet on Arkansas 1 and 169.

## Renton County

Pea Ridge, Pea Ridge National Military Park. Cross County

Parkin vicinity, Parkin Indian Mound, north edge of Parkin.

## Mississippi County

Wilson, Nodena Site, south edge of Wilson.

## Sebastian County

Fort Smith, Fort Smith National Historic Site.

## CALIFORNIA

## Alameda County

Berkeley, Room 307, Gilman Hall, University of California, University of California

Oakland, Lake Merritt Wild Duck Refuge, Lakeside Park, Grand Avenue.

Oakland, Miller (Joaquin) House, The Abbey, Joaquin Miller Road and Sanborn Drive.

## Contra Costa County

Martinez, John Muir National Historic Site, 4440 Alhambra Avenue.

## El Dorado County

Placerville vicinity, Coloma, 7 miles northwest of Placerville on California 49.

etc.